- (13) Outside electrical lights within 10 feet (3.05m) of spraying areas and not separated from the areas by partitions shall be enclosed and protected from damage.
- (e) Additional requirements for spray booths. (1) Spray booths shall be substantially constructed of noncombustible material and have smooth interior surfaces. Spray booth floors shall be covered with noncombustible material. As an aid to cleaning, paper may be used to cover the floor during painting operations if it is removed after the painting is completed.
- (2) Spray booths shall be separated from other operations by at least 3 feet (0.91m) or by fire-retardant partitions or walls.
- (3) A space of at least 3 feet (0.91m) on all sides of the spray booth shall be maintained free of storage or combustible materials.
- (4) Metal parts of spray booths, exhaust ducts, piping and airless high-pressure spray guns and conductive objects being sprayed shall be grounded.
- (5) Electric motors driving exhaust fans shall not be located inside booths or ducts.
- (6) Belts shall not enter ducts or booths unless the belts are completely enclosed.
- (7) Exhaust ducts shall be made of steel, shall have sufficient access doors to permit cleaning, and shall have a minimum clearance of 18 inches (0.46m) from combustible materials. Any installed dampers shall be fully opened when the ventilating system is operating.
- (8) Spray booths shall not be alternately used to spray different types of coating materials if the combination of the materials may spontaneously ignite unless deposits of the first material are removed from the booth and from exhaust ducts before spraying of the second material begins.
- [48 FR 30909, July 5, 1983, as amended at 65 FR 40942, June 30, 2000]

## §1917.154 Compressed air.

Employees shall be protected by chip guarding and personal protective equipment complying with the provisions of subpart E of this part during cleaning with compressed air. Compressed air used for cleaning shall not

exceed a pressure of 30 psi. Compressed air shall not be used to clean employees.

## § 1917.155 Air receivers.

- (a) Application. This section applies to compressed air receivers and equipment used for operations such as cleaning, drilling, hoisting and chipping. It does not apply to equipment used to convey materials or in such transportation applications as railways, vehicles or cranes.
- (b) Gauges and valves. (1) Air receivers shall be equipped with indicating pressure gauges and spring-loaded safety valves. Safety valves shall prevent receiver pressure from exceeding 110 percent of the maximum allowable working pressure.
- (2) No other valves shall be placed between air receivers and their safety valves.

## §1917.156 Fuel handling and storage.

- (a) Liquid fuel. (1) Only designated persons shall conduct fueling operations.
- (2) In case of spillage, filler caps shall be replaced and spillage disposed of before engines are started.
- (3) Engines shall be stopped and operators shall not be on the equipment during refueling operations.
- (4) Smoking and open flames shall be prohibited in areas used for fueling, fuel storage or enclosed storage of equipment containing fuel.
- (5) Equipment shall be refueled only at designated locations.
- (6) Liquid fuels not handled by pump shall be handled and transported only in portable containers or equivalent means designed for that purpose. Portable containers shall be metal, have tight closures with screw or spring covers and shall be equipped with spouts or other means to allow pouring without spilling. Leaking containers shall not be used.
- (7) Flammable liquids may be dispensed in the open from a tank or from other vehicles equipped for delivering fuel to another vehicle only if:
- (i) Dispensing hoses do not exceed 50 feet (15.24 m) in length; and
- (ii) Any powered dispensing nozzles used are of the automatic-closing type.